Name

Chapter 19 Study Guide Southern and Eastern Africa

Africa is the	largest continent.
How much of the co	ntinent lies between the Tropic of Cancer and the Tropic of Capricorn?
The	is perhaps the single most important geographical feature in the
history of Africa.	
The continent is divi	ided into two major regions. What are they called?
1.	2.
Define savanna and	how much of the continent is covered by it:
Define Savanna and	now much of the continent is covered by it.

Perhaps the biggest problem facing Africa is the	 epidemic that began	spreading
across Africa in the 1970's.		

THE SOUTHERN TIP OF AFRICA

South Africa: Capital is _____ The longest river in South Africa is called the _____ Define escarpment:

What is the name of the 2nd highest waterfall in the world?

Natal is known for what group of Bantu tribal people?

What group of Europeans settled in South Africa before the British and what were they called?

Afrikaans is a combination of what two languages?

Define Apartheid and explain its impact on South Africa?

Who shared the Nobel Peace Prize with De Klerk?

What two resources does Lesotho export to South Africa?

<u>Swaziland:</u> Capital is ______ This country has the highest percentage of HIV/AIDS among adults in the world. What is the lifespan of the people of Swaziland due to the disease? Industries:

SOUTHWEST PLATEAU **SOUTHWEST PLATEAU**Botswana: Capital is ______ and is a British ______. Exports: What desert is in this country and what fraction of this country is covered by it? What is the life expectancy in Botswana? Namibia: Capital is _____ National resources: Gained Independence in _____ The frequent fogs of the northern coast have resulted in many shipwrecks, earning this country the nickname of Namibia relies on what country as a trading partner and what are they now seeking to do? <u>Angola:</u> Capital is ______ What are the two main exports of Angola? What has kept the country from benefiting from its abundant resources? What country colonized Angola and what is the official language? THE ZAMBEZI RIVER NATIONS Who was David Livingstone and what is he famous for? Mozambique: Capital is _____ Mozambique was once a colony of what country? What group of people won control of the country and persecuted Christians until 1994? Mozambique is blessed with an abundance of natural and serves other land locked nations. Zimbabwe: Capital is ______ Zimbabwe was formerly called ______ The savanna that covers much of southern Africa is called the ______. What % of the population lives in poverty? Who named Victoria Falls and what did he document about it? Who is Cecil Rhodes and what was his influence in Zimbabwe? Zambia: Capital is _____ Zambia was formerly called _____ Agricultural produce: Mines:

<u>Malawi:</u> Capital is _____ The dominant geographical feature in the country is _____ Agricultural produce:

Please explain wh	y Malawi is o	one of the world's	poorest nations.
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INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS

What country controlled each of these islan	ids at one time or another? _	
Madagascar: Capital is		
Madagascar: Capital is	largest	island of the world.
is the major crop.	U	
Official languages:	and	
Comoros: Capital is		
Comoros: Capital is, but	is independent since	
Produces:		·
	and	
Official languages: 99% of the people are followers of what rel	ligion?	
1 1	C	
Seychelles: Capital is		
<u>Sevchelles:</u> Capital is Educational level is very high: What perce	nt of the population is litera	ate?
Mouritius: Conital is		
Ones ruled by		ico
Mauritius: Capital is Once ruled by of Britain.		IS a
Major industry:		
Major muusuy.		
EASTERN AFRICA		
	is the most impressive f	feature in Eastern Africa.
Another significant feature is the	River, which	is the longest river in the world.
The GreatAnother significant feature is the The two rivers which join together to form	this mighty river are:	
1.	2.	
1 We now know that the Nile begins in the co	ountry of	•
<u>Kenya:</u> Capital is The top Industry in Kenya is		
The top Industry in Kenya is	;	
The tourists are drawn by the park and gam	e reserves that the governm	nent has set aside to protect wildlife.
Kenya has had a stable government since it	s independence in	from Great Britain.
Tanzania: Capital is		
Tanzania: Capital is Who colonized Tanzania to prevent the Bri	tish from having too many	countries in the region?
is the highe	est mountain in Africa.	
is the highe The is the most fa	mous national park in all of	f Africa. Explain why?
	1	1 5
The island of	_ was once the Muslims' lar	rgest slave trading post in East Africa.
Uganda: Canital is		
<u>Uganda:</u> Capital is Under the leadership of President	- the govern	ment has strengthened the economy.
	, uic govern	mient has suchguiened the contollity.

Rwanda: Capital is What are the names of the two feuding tribes in Rwanda? Briefly explain their history and conflict. **Burundi**: Capital is ______ What are the major industries and exports of Burundi? What are its official languages? THE HORN OF AFRICA The region is called the Horn of Africa because the _____ Peninsula which jabs out toward the Middle East is shaped like an animal horn. The main geographical feature in the area is the _____ Desert.

 Ethiopia:
 Capital is ______

 One of two countries on the continent that was not _______
 by a foreign nation. Why was it

difficult for Europeans to colonize this country? Who was the last emperor of Ethiopia? What is the country's top export? What African country annexed Eritrea outright in 1952 and how long did this conflict last? What are its industries? **<u>Djibouti</u>**: Capital is What is the major land feature of Djibouti and explain why does this make it a strategic location to have military force? What is the backbone of the economy in this country? What percent of the populations is Islamic? What import does the people of Djibouti rely on and why? Somalia: Capital is What two independent territories joined to form Somalia?

Why does Somalia have conflict with all three of its neighbors?

What country is the major trading partner which buys Somali fruit and livestock? What part of Somalia has broken off from the union and when?

Sudan: Capital is _____

What is the official language of Sudan?

What is the major religion of this country?

What is its major hindrance to economic growth?

South Sudan: Capital is _____

What year did South Sudan become independent?

What is the major religion of this country?